TOS NEWSLETTER



Dr. G. Mukesh Mohan President TOS





Dr. J. Terrence Jose Jerome Secretary TOS

Welcome Message

Dear Orthopods of TOS,

I am delighted to write the foreword for the 3rd Trichy Orthopaedic Society Newsletter. TOS is a vibrant society, first of its kind in Tamilnadu. It has very eminent members some of whom have laid the foundaton in orthopaedic for Trauma vestervears and surgery to Trichy. Today, variety of orthopaedic surgeries are flourish in done both Government hospitals and Private sector to in a very high standard. Every month it has been made a point to conduct the TOS meeting based on a theme with an invited guest speaker, eminent in the field. pride sharing this newsletter, TOS takes in By some of the done by its members, achievements and their experience. work Happy reading.

> Looking forward **Dr. K. Balasubramanian** Sr.Consultant, Orthopaedic Surgery *Apollo Speciality Hospital, Trichy.*

March monthly meeting of Trichy Orthopedic Society:



The monthly meetings witnessed an outstanding academic and social evening with a theme-based monthly meeting and CME

" PEDIATRIC ORTHOPEDICS."

Special thanks to Dr. K. Venkatadass for guest lecturing the meeting with a focus on hip preservation surgery in pediatric hip disorders culminating in a valuable HOPE (Hip optimization procedures)



The day was glorified equally by our member's presentation on pediatric fractures, hip fractures, orthopedic surgeries, proximal coxa vara lesions, radial humerus head deformities and foot fractures,

Sincere appreciation to all members who participated this evening, the President and the EC members of TOS and TNOA, the backbone behind the success

This day went well, with tremendous learning and fun











FRACTURE SHAFT OF RADIUS : ORIF WITH PLATE FIXATION BY WALANT

(Wide-Awake Local Anesthesia No Tourniquet)



Dr G. RAMESH PRABU, MS (Ortho) Associate Professor, Dept. Of Orthopaedics, Nagapattinam Govt Medical College & Hospital, Naeabattimam.

WALANT is a surgical technique that relies on local anaesthetic and hemostatic agents to provide conditions suitable for hand and forearm surgery without sedation and torniquet.

Case Presentation:

A 45 years old female patient was admitted with history of RTA. Radiograph showed fracture shaft of radius right forearm. Open reduction and internal fixation (ORIF) with volar plating done by WALANT

Surgical Procedure:

The solution I used in the WALANT technique consisted of 1 ml of epinephrine(1:1000), sodium bicarbonate one ampule and 30 ml of mixed with 50ml of normal saline. 2% lignocaine, which were The prepared above solutions were administered 20 minutes before skin incision. I started with haematoma block via a 3-5 ml, then subcutaneous injection distal where ever volar plating. Injections from proximal to the for incision. In this way, nerve endings will be blocked by local anaesthetic and the process will be painless. Then injected 3- 5ml of solutions over the periosteum lateral, volar and dorsal aspect of radius 5 cm proximal and distal from fracture site. I have done volar plating through the Henry volar approach.



PREOP XRAYS

INTRA OP IMAGES

POST OP XRAYS



SCAN THE QR CODE AND SEE THE VIDEO

Conclusion:

WALANT for distal and shaft of radius fracture ORIF is a method to control blood loss by the effects of local anesthesia mixed with hemostatic agents. Without a procedure prevents discomfort tourniquet, the caused by tourniquet pain. Without sedation, patients could perform the active range of motion of the injured wrist to check if there is impingement of implants. It eliminates the need of numerous preoperative examinations, postoperative anesthesia recovery room care, and side effects of the sedation

Members achievement:

Dr. J Terrence Jose Jerome published four original articles this month

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Adductor Branch of Terminal Divisions of the Ulnar Nerve Transfer to the Thenar Motor Branch in a High Median Nerve Palsy

A Case Report

I. Terrence Jose Jerome,

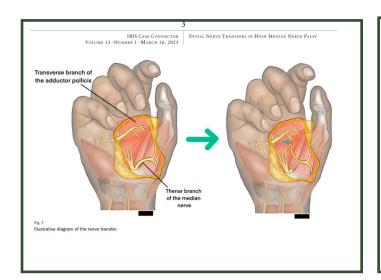
MBBS, FRCS(G), DNB, FNB (Hand & Micro), European Diploma Hand Surgery, FICS, PGDMLE(National Law School) Investigation performed at Olympia Hospital and Research Centre, Trichy, Tamilnadu, India

Abstract

Case: The author reports a 4-month-old high median nerve palsy in a 19-year-old man with right forearm fractures, stabilized with dynamic compression plates and screws. Surgical exploration revealed a large median nerve neuroma in the midarm that was excised, and the gap was bridged with sural nerve cable grafts. The extensor carpi radialis nerve was transferred to the anterior interosseous nerve in the forearm. The adductor branch of terminal divisions of the ulnar nerve was transferred to the thenar branch of the median nerve in the hand.

Conclusions: The adductor branch of ulnar nerve transfer to the thenar motor branch in high median nerve palsy efficiently restored thumb opposition in 10 months of follow-up. In addition, the patient's grasp and pinch improved, preserving thumb adduction.

Dr. J Terrence Jose Jerome was the Guest Editor for the Indian Journal of Orthopaedics and published a "Special issue on Hand Surgery"



Indian Journal of Orthopaedics https://doi.org/10.1007/s43465-023-00840-7 EDITORIAL

Editorial Letter

J. Terrence Jose Jerome¹ · Lalit Maini²

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Orthopedic Surgeons and Hand Surgery

The readers may ponder this enigmatic title that deals with orthopedic surgeons and hand surgery. We have chosen particularly to demonstrate how it beautifully describes the particularly to demonstrate now in deanthing describes ine magnificence of the orthopedic surgeon's contribution to hand surgery in the past, present, and future. Just a bark is inseparable from a tree, so Orthopedic surgeons are from Hand surgery.

We all must think of hand surgery as we practice it today as a very special gift from the monumental innovations and discoveries of great orthopedic surgeons in the past. Born to a gold rush pioneer, Sterling Bunnel published his first paper on the repair of tendons in the journal, Surgery, Gynecology, and Obstatrics in 1018. After 18 resubmissions, this publi-

> ndian Journal of Orthopaedics https://doi.org/10.1007/s43465-023-00853-2 SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

Bunnel started fellowship training and preliminary surgi-cal education in hand surgery. He traveled all over the United States to teach and demonstrate principles and techniques of hand surgery to surgeons at the nine US army hand centers [1-3]. He believed that Orthopedic surgeons could conver (1-3), he believed that Orthopedic surgeons could convert themselves into hand surgeons with the right mindset and fullest potential. Further, he added that extensive knowl-edge and skill set are essential to treat complex anatomy, which is the hand. The inquisitive mind, incisive scalpel and inexhaustible nature of orthopedic surgeons resolve and inexhaustible nature of orthopedic surgeons resolve unsolved problems in hand surgery. He was the founding father of modern hand surgery and the first president of the American Society for the Surgery of the Hand (ASSH). The embryogenesis of hand surgery evolved from the giant of Orthopedic surgeon Sterling Bound whose innovations are

Indian Journal of **ORTHOPAEDICS**



Dear Dr. J. Terrence Jose Jerome

Greetings from Indian Journal of Orthopaedics (https://www.springer.com/journal/43465) the

official publication of Indian Orthopaedic Association.

I welcome you as the Guest Editors for a special issue on "Hand". You are being offered the Feb 2023 issue. You may choose to have another guest editor with you, the name which comes to me is Dr.Anil Bhat. You also make the issue more subject specific, if "Hand" appears too broad. The timelines of publications are such that the content needs to be ready two months prior to the Issue month.

Issue Timelines Feb 2023

Online release date:

Completion of peer review process of Manuscripts: Completion of submission of all manuscripts planned to the journal: Offer given to authors who accept to contribute for issue is 6 weeks: Proposed/Planned Table of contents to be ready by:

First week January 23 First week Dec 2022 First week Nov 2022 15th Sept to 15th Oct 30th August 2022

Suggested Plan:

Ten manuscripts, a mix of Systematic Review and Original Articles. In the coming months any manuscripts accepted on "Hand" will be kept on hold for this issue. A mix of Indian and international Authors, half each. No Author should have name in more than two manuscripts. With Best Wishes

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Prof. Lalit Maini, Editor In Chief

Date: 9th August, 2022

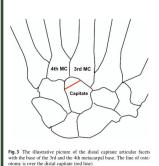
Hemi-capitate Arthroplasty for Dorsal Fracture-Dislocations of the Proximal Interphalangeal Joint: Surgical Technique

and Illustrative Case J. Terrence Jose Jerome¹

Received: 15 December 2022 / Accepted: 16 February 2023 © Indian Orthopaedics Association 2023

Abstract Osteochondral graft from the carpal bone allows anatomical joint reconstruction in unstable dorsal fracture-dislocations with > 50% of the articular surfaces. The most used graft is the dorsal hamate. Hemi-hamate arthroplasty is technically challenging and has anatomical incongruity, and many authors have evolved various modifications in the palmar buttress reconstruction of the middle phalanx base. Therefore, there are no universally accepted treatment modalities for these com-plex articular injuries. This article describes the dorsal capitate as the osteochondral graft for middle phalanx volar articular surface reconstruction. Hemi-capitate arthroplasty was done on a 40-year-old man with an unstable dorsal fracture disloca-tion of the PIP joint. The osteochondral capitate graft united well, and the joint congruency was good at the final follow-up. The surgical technique, illustrative images, and rehabilitation are discussed. With the evolving technical modifications and complications in Mami. Moreatic and the part web no conjected to a clubble and alternate osteochondral capitat complications in Hemi-hamate arthroplasty, distal capitate may be considered a reliable and alternate osteochondral graft stable PIP joint fracture-dislocation

ords Hemi-capitate arthroplasty · PIP joint fracture dislocations · Osteochondral graft · Good outcome



two weeks, and a night splint holding the PIP joint in neutral extension is given. Radiographs are taken monthly to assess the graft union and joint congruence. The patient is advised to avoid strenuous physical activities or forceful movements for four months.

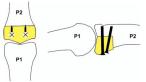


Fig. 5 The illustrative picture of graft placement. P1- proximal pha-

D Springe

Dr.N.Rajkumar. MS.DNB.MNAMS.Dip(AO SPINE) Dip(SICOT)

Assistant professor-orthopedic surgery, DSMCH -Perambalur

Consultant orthospine surgeon has been Awarded DIPLOMA AO SPINE (Global diploma certificate), LIFE MEMBER IN ASIA PACIFIC SPINE SOCIETY (APSS) and published an article in IJSM

ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY | ORIGINAL ARTICI

FUNCTIONAL OUTCOME OF INTERTROCHANTERIC FRACTURES TREATED BY PROXIMAL FEMORAL NAIL ANTIROTATION

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ABSTRACT Introduction: Intertrochanteric fractures are commonly encountered in the elderly population. Nearly half of the fractures are unstable. Surgical fixation is mostly preferred due to early mobilization and to avoid complications of conservative treatment. Unsatisfactory results with extramedullary fixation led to the rise of intramedullary devices. This study aims to analyze the effectiveness and piffalls of Proximal Femoral Nail Antirotation (PFNA) in treating unstable intertrochanteric fractures. Methods: This prospective study was conducted in our hospital from October 2017 to January 2019. A total of 20 patients (13 males, 7 females) above 50 years of age having unstable intertrochanteric fractures were treated with Proximal Femoral Nail Antirotation. About 75% of injuries occurred due to trivial falls. The mean interval between trauma and surgery was 3.95 days. All patients were treated by closed reduction. The study participants were followed up for six months and were assessed using Harris Hip Score. **Results**: The anatomical reduction was achieved in 16 patients. In one case, postoperative complications include superficial infection, lag screw back out, and delayed union. The average time of union was 14.6 weeks. However, by the end of six months, good to excellent results were seen in 80% of patients. In addition, 75% of patients returned to a pre-injury functional level. **Conclusion**: PFNA gives optimal fixation for Intertrochanteric fractures, with good preoperative planning and intraoperative reduction. In addition, it's the ideal implant for the osteoprotic elderly population as it provides good cancellous bone compaction, less operative time and blood loss compared to other fixation methods.

KEYWORDS Intertrochanteric Fractures, Proximal Femoral Nail Antirotation, Harris Hip Score

Introduction

Intertrochanteric fractures are the most frequent fractures of hip joint. This is attributed to the increase in the elderly population in our country, along with osteoporosis being prevalent in these populations. These fractures are found to be more common in females, almost three to four times. Intertrochanteric fractures

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Rajkumar Nallan et al./ International Journal of Surgery and Medicine (2023) 9(1):34-36

are almost always associated with trivial falls. The incidence is expected to double by $2040.^1$

expected to double by 200.³ Most Intertrochanteric fractures are unstable due to increased age and low bone mineral density. Osteoprocessis is an important factor because fixing proximal fragments depende primarily on the quality of cancellous bore present.² Surgical fixation of unstable Intertrochanteric fractures poses a constant challenge. Unsatisfactory results while using Dynamic Hip Screw (DHS) for unstable intertrochanteric fractures let the way to the development of intramedullary devices like PFN and FFNA.

This study aims to assess the effectiveness and drawbacks of the newer intramedullary fixation device PFNA in treating unstable intertrochanteric fractures.







Global Spine Diploma

Dr Rajkumar Nallan

has successfully completed the Global Spine Diploma Program.

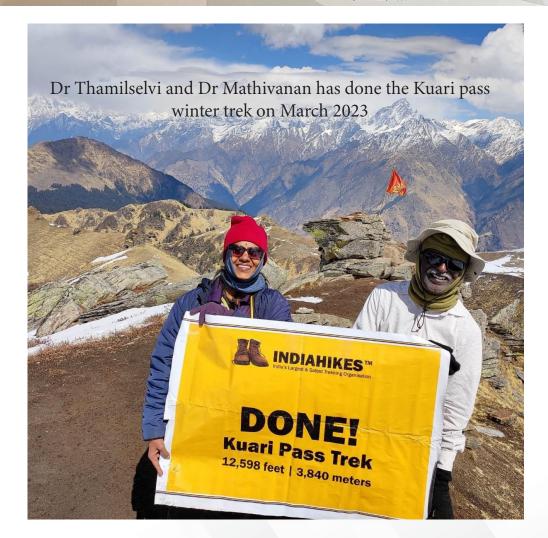
The Global Spine Diploma Program is a training course within all pathologies for the management of patients with spinal disorders.*

Davos, February 1, 2023





AO Global Spine Diploma Exam Chairperson Bryan Ashman AO Global Spine Diploma Program Chairperson



Upcoming Meetings: CME- Research and Methodology

9



We welcome you all to the CME on Research Methodology on 23 April, Sunday 2023, from 9 am -12 noon at the Mukesh Arthro Care Hospital, Trichy

IMA Trichy and Trichy Orthopaedics Society (TOS) combined in this meeting and shall focus on

- 1. Bring your problems- we have solutions regarding writing and publications
- 2. Why research and publish?
- 3. Formula to convert thesis to an article
- 4. What not be done in preparing a manuscript?
- 5. Reviewing the article what's for me?
- 6. Personal interactions with eminent faculties

Dr. G. Mukesh Mohan IMA Secretary, Trichy

Dr. J. Terrence Jose Jerome TOS Secretary, Trichy

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